

Maja Solveig Kjelstrup Ratkje

essential extensions

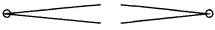


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Tegnforklaring

Fortegn varer ut hele takten. (Det er imidlertid notert ekstra fortegn i harmonisk skiftende partier.)

Alle *gliss.* i kontrabass- og saksofonstemme starter fra og med starttonens ansats til destinasjonstonen. Ny ansats ved destinasjonstonen skjer dersom bue ikke er notert over.

 Fra og til *niente*.

 *Crushtone* forårsaket av sterkt buepress. Spilles *sul pont*.
Oppbrudte felt svarer til avtakende eller økende buepress.
Felt kan være plassert over bestemte tonehøyder eller ✖ som angir fri tonehøyde, men omtrentlig område.

✖ Slaps i saksofonstemmen.

◦ Flageoletter notert der de klinger. Utøveren må selv finne egnede grep.

✂ Hurtig tremolo.

 Gradvis forandring.

 Kvarttoner.

 Mikrointervaller.

▲ Så høyt som mulig. Erstatte notehode.

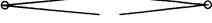
I akkordeonstemmen: Oktavdobler (register som doubler nederste oktav i venstre hånd) skal være på fra start. Etter takt 136 koples den av. Andre registreringer er forøvrig veiledende.

I saksofonstemmen: Velg forskjellige multiphonics som inneholder angitt tone.

Notes:

Accidentals last through the entire bar. (In harmonically changing sections, they are repeated.)

All *gliss.* start from the beginning of the note of departure.
Sometimes a slur connects the note of destination to indicate a gradual change.

 From and towards *niente*.

 For the double bass player: *Crushtone* caused by bow pressure. To be played *sul pont.*
Broken black fields indicate increasing or decreasing bow pressure.
Black fields are placed above specified pitches or ✖ that means less pitch, but in an approximate area.

✖ Saxophone slaps.

◦ Harmonics showing only the sounding pitch.

✂ Fast *tremolo*.

 Change gradually into...

♯ ♯ ♯ Quartertones

♯ ♯ ♯ ♯ ♯ Microintervalls

▲ As high as possible.

For the accordionist: Octave doubler (left hand register that doubles the deepest octave) must be used from start.
Unregister after bar 136. All further registrations can be considered as suggestions.

For the saxophonist: Choose different multiphonics which contain the written pitch.



essential extensions

(til Poing)

Maja Solveig Kjelstrup Ratkje '99

Alto Saxophone in Eb

Double Bass

Accordion

$\bullet = 60$

f

ff

gliss.

molto vibrato

molto vibrato sul pont.

f

Sax (Eb)

Acc

$\bullet = 90$

mf

gliss.

gliss.

tr.

mp

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

(8va)

molto vibrato

non vibrato

p

gliss.

Sax (Eb)

Acc

(8va)

ord.

gliss.

mp

mf

mp

6

2

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

18

non vibrato

p

f

8va

115

ff

3

5:3

6

3

22

26

30

33

3

5

3

6

6

3

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36

Acc

cresc.

6 3

39

Acc

3 6 3 6

41

Acc

ffff *p* *mp*

15

44

Sax (Eb)

p poss. *mf* *tr*

DB

mf *ff*

sul pont.

47

Acc

mf *ff* *mp*

3 3 3 3 3 3

48

Acc

f *ff* *f* *ff*

6:7 6:5 6:7 6:5

4

Acc

53

5

mp

p

6:7

3

3

f

♩ = 90

Sax (Eb)

58

f

5

p

DB

ff

mp

6

f

6

3

Acc

f

5

p

mp

3

3

3

Sax (Eb)

62

3

f

6:5

ff

3

DB

3

ff

3

6

Acc

mf

3

3

6:5

6:5

multiph.

tr

Sax (Eb)

66

pp

3

DB

3

3

3

p

7

7

f

ff

5

6

6

fff

rit.

♩ = 60

5

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

Sax (Eb)

Acc

Sax (Eb)

Acc

This musical score is for a Saxophone (Eb), Double Bass (DB), and Accordion (Acc). The score is divided into four systems, each with three staves. The first system (measures 69-71) features a wavy line above the Sax (Eb) staff, indicating a tremolo or rapid oscillation. The Accordion part begins with a *fff* dynamic and includes a triplet of eighth notes. The second system (measures 72-74) shows the Sax (Eb) staff with a wavy line and a *p poss.* dynamic. The Accordion part continues with a triplet of eighth notes. The third system (measures 75-77) features a wavy line above the Sax (Eb) staff and a *pp* dynamic. The Accordion part includes a triplet of eighth notes. The fourth system (measures 78-80) shows the Sax (Eb) staff with a wavy line and a *pp* dynamic. The Accordion part includes a triplet of eighth notes. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A watermark "MIB noter" is visible across the middle of the page.

79 $\bullet = 72$

Acc *f*

6:7 6:5 6:7 6:5

83 $\bullet = 115$

Acc *mp*

6 3 3 5

Sax (Eb) *ff* *furious pizz.* *multiph.*

DB *ff*

Acc *ff* *f* *ff*

89 *fff* *ord. tr.* *p*

DB *mp*

Acc *fff* *b. s.*

3 3 5

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91

rit.

90

Sax (Eb)

ff

DB

ord.

ff

Acc

mf

6:5

ff

98

(add voice)

Sax (Eb)

tr

3

5

6

4

DB

(pizz.)

gliss.

col legno hit strings

3

3

pizz.

3

ord.

6

4

Acc

6

4

fff

ff

mf

3

3

5

3

3

3

add voice

(transposed vocal pitch notated)

101

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

f

ff

sul pont.

ord.

3

3

add voice

tr.

105

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

col legno
hit strings

f

mp

6

pp

7

fp

pp

p

110

Sax (Eb)

Acc

3

6

poco accel.

6:5

6:5

6

6

114

Acc

3

3

6

3

6

3

3

6

f

(♩ = 65)

Sax (Eb) **DB** **Acc**

♩ = 65

ord.

ff *p* *mf* *ff*

use enharmonics

9

Sax (Eb) **DB** **Acc**

120

use enharmonics

p *mf* *ff* *f*

tr~

5

6

12

9

6

Sax (Eb) **DB** **Acc**

122

f

6

7

7

7

6

6

6

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

Musical score for measures 123-127. The Sax (Eb) part features a melodic line with slurs and a trill in measure 127, marked *fp*. The DB part has a rhythmic accompaniment with slurs and a *fff* dynamic. The Acc part consists of two staves with complex rhythmic patterns, including slurs and a *6* measure rest.

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

Musical score for measures 124-127. The Sax (Eb) part has a melodic line with a *fff* dynamic and a *mf* dynamic. The DB part features a rhythmic accompaniment with a *ff* dynamic and a *pizz.* marking. The Acc part consists of two staves with complex rhythmic patterns, including slurs and a *f* dynamic.

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

Musical score for measures 128-131. The Sax (Eb) part features a melodic line with a *ff* dynamic and a *f* dynamic. The DB part has a rhythmic accompaniment with a *f* dynamic and a *gliss.* marking. The Acc part consists of two staves with complex rhythmic patterns, including slurs and a *6* measure rest.

Sax (Eb) $\bullet = 60$ *fff* 131 6 9 6

DB *fff*

Acc *fff*

Sax (Eb) $\bullet = 72$ *ff* 132 *multiph.*

DB *ff*

Acc *mf* 3 3 3 3 3 3

Sax (Eb) $\bullet = 60$ *fff* 133 *add voice* 3 6 6 9

DB *fff*

Acc *fff*

12 ♩ = 72

♩ = 60

press reed
uneven gliss.

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

134 multiph.

ff

fff

sul E

mf

ff

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

136

fff

fff

fff

fff

mp

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

139 multiph.

mp

mp

mf

14

152

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

fff

p

non vibrato

tune string down gradually

155

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

mp

non vibrato

p

160

Sax (Eb)

DB

Acc

pp

mf

as smooth as possible

jeté

mp

p

p