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## Advantage of Supplementary Sheet Music

The pupil gets a glow of achievement and completion from supplementary sheet music. When he or she learns a piece, A WHOLE UNIT is completed. This makes the pupil feel successful, and a successful pupil likes music.

## HALF STEPS AND WHOLE STEPS



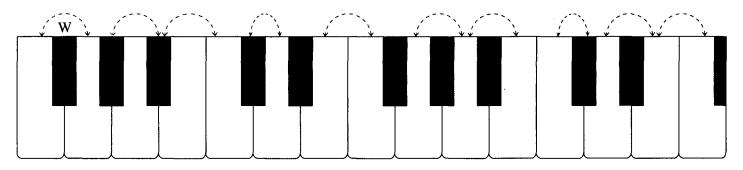
(Memorize the following verse.)

A HALF STEP is from key to key,With no key in between.A WHOLE STEP always skips a key,

With *one* key in between.

Name the following steps: (Write W for Whole Step and H for Half Step)





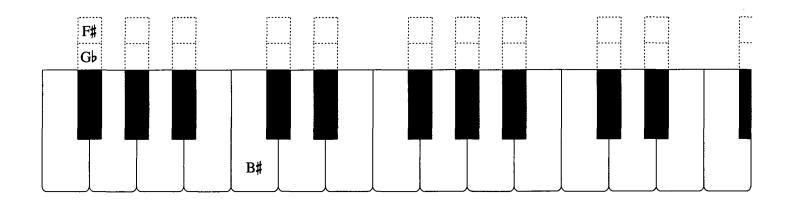
## SHARPS AND FLATS AND NATURALS

The SHARP sign # means to raise the key one half step.

The FLAT sign b means to lower the key one half step.

The NATURAL sign \( \begin{align\*} \text{means to go back to the white key.} \end{align\*}

Note: Each black key has two names. For example, F# (half step above F) and Gb (half step below G) are the same key. In the dotted squares below, write the TWO names for each of the remaining black keys.



Sometimes a white key may actually be a sharp or flat. For example B#. In raising B a half step, there is no black key to go to — so you borrow C and call it B#. Write E#,  $C\flat$  and  $F\flat$  on the above diagram.