
Eighth Note Publications

Little Fugue

Johann Sebastian Bach

Arranged by David Marlatt

Easily one of the most famous solo organ works of Johann Sebastian Bach (1685-1750), this “Little” Fugue in G minor is an example of brilliant contrapuntal writing. Written in 1709, this fugue, as the title suggests, is a part of the “Great” Fugue in G minor.

The first (and most noticeable) thing with this arrangement is the fact that it is not in the original key of G minor. The key has been altered to allow for performance without the use of E-flat trumpets making this great piece more accessible to players wanting to play it, without the range demands found in arrangements in the original key.

The continuation of the musical line is crucial in this contrapuntal piece. This is accomplished with the careful matching of articulations, dynamics and style by all players. The original organ pedal line is found primarily in the trombone part.

PREVIEW ONLY

LITTLE FUGUE

BWV 578

J.S. Bach
(1685-1750)
Arranged by D. Marlatt

Moderato $\text{♩} = 72$

B♭ Trumpet 1 *mf*

B♭ Trumpet 2

F Horn

Trombone

5 6 7 8

tr

9 10 11 12

mf

PREVIEW ONLY

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of four staves: a vocal line (Soprano), a piano accompaniment line (Right Hand), a piano accompaniment line (Left Hand), and a bass line. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into four measures, numbered 13, 14, 15, and 16. The vocal line begins in measure 13 with a half note G4, followed by a whole rest in measure 14, and then a half note G4 in measure 15, ending with a whole rest in measure 16. The piano accompaniment (Right Hand) features a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a trill (tr) in measure 13 and a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic marking in measure 14. The piano accompaniment (Left Hand) provides a harmonic foundation with a bass line of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass line is a single staff at the bottom of the score, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (Bb). It begins in measure 13 with a half note Bb3, followed by a whole rest in measure 14, and then a half note Bb3 in measure 15, ending with a whole rest in measure 16.

[illegible]

25 26 27 28

29 30 31 32

33 34 35 36

37 38 39 40

41 42 43 44

45 46 47 48

49 50 51

f

52 53 54

PREVIEW ONLY

55 56 57 58

mf

59 60 61 62

mf *f* *f* *f*

63 64 65

f *f* *tr*

PREVIEW ONLY

66 67 68

molto rit. *ff* *ff* *ff*

PREVIEW ONLY

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